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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/887,621	06/22/2001	Cary Lee Bates	ROC920010071US1	7429

46797 7590 10/18/2006

IBM CORPORATION, INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW  
DEPT 917, BLDG. 006-1  
3605 HIGHWAY 52 NORTH  
ROCHESTER, MN 55901-7829

EXAMINER
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BEKERMANN, MICHAEL

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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3622

DATE MAILED: 10/18/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b>	<b>Applicant(s)</b>	
	09/887,621	BATES ET AL.	
	<b>Examiner</b>	<b>Art Unit</b>	
	Michael Bekerman	3622	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

#### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 August 2006.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**.                      2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-30 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-30 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All    b) ☐ Some \*    c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

#### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)                       | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)           |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)   | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____                                      |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>8/3/2006</u> .  | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____                          |

## DETAILED ACTION

This action is responsive to papers filed on 8/3/2006.

### ***Claim Objections***

1. The amendment filed 8/3/2006 is objected to under 35 U.S.C. 132(a) because it introduces new matter into the disclosure. 35 U.S.C. 132(a) states that no amendment shall introduce new matter into the disclosure of the invention. The added material which is not supported by the original disclosure is as follows: In claim 7, a limitation is added that an explanation for crediting is provided *to the customer*.

Applicant is required to cancel the new matter in the reply to this Office Action.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. **Claims 1-11 and 13-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McClung (U.S. Pub No. 2004/0143502).**

Referring to claims 1-7, 11, 13-18, and 22-26, McClung teaches a host computer system as tracking a transaction by the item and purchase price, receiving and storing price matching data including an item match price, comparing the purchase

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price to a comparison price (item match price) periodically (over different time periods), and administering a credit for the price differential to the customer if the comparison price is lower than the purchase price (Paragraph 0007). The system would inherently have to obtain an account number (customer identification number) in order to credit the customer's account. McClung also teaches the credit card account as being an account with the vendor (Paragraph 0008, Sentence 3 and Paragraph 0131, Sentence 1). A step of determining whether a user is a member of the system (signed up through a vendor) is inherent when a purchase takes place. McClung, however, does not specify what action takes place should a user not have an account with the system. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to notify a non-member at a time of purchase as to an *explanation* of the types of savings (such as *price matching* or *price guarantees*) that could be incurred through signing up. This would provide a greater chance of that non-member signing up.

**Referring to claims 8, 10, 19, 21, and 28**, McClung teaches a price-guarantee period (Paragraph 0007). Recording and comparing purchase and current dates is inherent in offering the price-guarantee period.

**Referring to claims 9, 20, and 27**, McClung teaches a price-guarantee period that could be (but not limited to) a week, a month, 3 months, 6 months, or a year (Paragraph 0007). McClung also teaches the monitoring competitors on a real time basis (Paragraph 0009, Sentence 2). McClung doesn't specify the price-guarantee period as being same-day and doesn't describe what would happen should a customer purchase a product in the morning with a lower comparison price appearing in the

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system later in the day. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the price-guarantee period be whatever time period the retailer would prefer, including same-day. This would make the system more attractive to retailers by allowing them more choices.

**3. Claims 11, 12, 29, and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McClung (U.S. Pub No. 2004/0143502) in view of Walker (U.S. Pub No. 2001/0042785).**

Referring to claims 11, 12, 29, and 30, McClung teaches crediting an account with a vendor to implement a guaranteed pricing promotion. McClung doesn't teach the transferring of balances between different credit accounts. Walker teaches that it is well-known to transfer debt balances between accounts to take advantage of different account features (Paragraph 0011, Sentence 2). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to transfer a credit balance from one account to another in order to take advantage of retailer guaranteed pricing. It would also have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to notify a non-member at a time of purchase as to potential credits that could be incurred through transferring a balance. This would provide a greater chance of that non-member transferring the balance.

***Response to Arguments***

4. **In response to the original 102 rejections**, applicant argues that paragraph 0008, sentence 3 of McClung is directed to “automatically crediting the refund amount to such accounts rather than restricting the credit to store credit card accounts”. McClung teaches signing up with a *vendor* to have amounts *credited*. Another reference to this can be found at Paragraph 0131, Sentence 1. This appears to be a store credit account, and the Examiner stands by this interpretation.

5. **Further in response to the original 102 rejections**, applicant argues “explanations for the credit amount are not inherent”. Examiner agrees with this statement. However, Examiner feels it would be obvious for this type of communication to occur between a cashier and a customer as recited in the rejection above.

6. **In response to the original 103 rejections**, applicant argues “the present rejection fails to establish [the teaching or suggestion of all the claim limitations]”. Applicant has not pointed out specific portions of the claim that are not taught within the applied references. Therefore, Examiner disagrees and feels that the 103 rejections are adequate in rejecting the claimed invention.

***Conclusion***

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

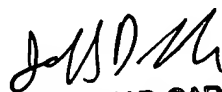
A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Bekerman whose telephone number is (571) 272-3256. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 7:30 - 4:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eric W. Stamber can be reached on (571) 272-6724. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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**JEFFREY D. CARLSON**  
**PRIMARY EXAMINER**